

CENSUS NEWS 2000

MAYOR MARTIN O'MALLEY
BALTIMORE CITY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING

ISSUE TWO – HOUSEHOLDS & AGE
JUNE, 2002



INTRODUCTION

This document is the second in a series to describe the demographics of Baltimore City. This issue, based on data from the first Summary File release of the Census Bureau, contains information on household characteristics and age. Future issues of *Census News 2000* will highlight trends in housing characteristics, income and poverty, employment and many other issues.

In this series, data will be presented that has been aggregated into 264 Neighborhood Statistical Areas. Data at the tract level and other reports are available at the Census Bureau website (www.census.gov), the Maryland State Data Center

(www.mdp.state.md.us/msdc), and the Baltimore Metropolitan Council (www.baltometro.org).

It is my hope that this information will inform the many public and private agencies, neighborhoods, businesses, community institutions and citizens that comprise America's Greatest City.

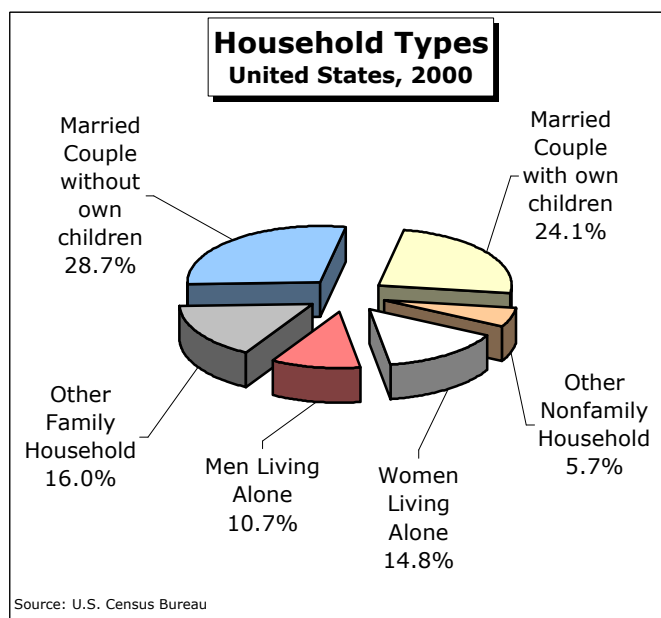
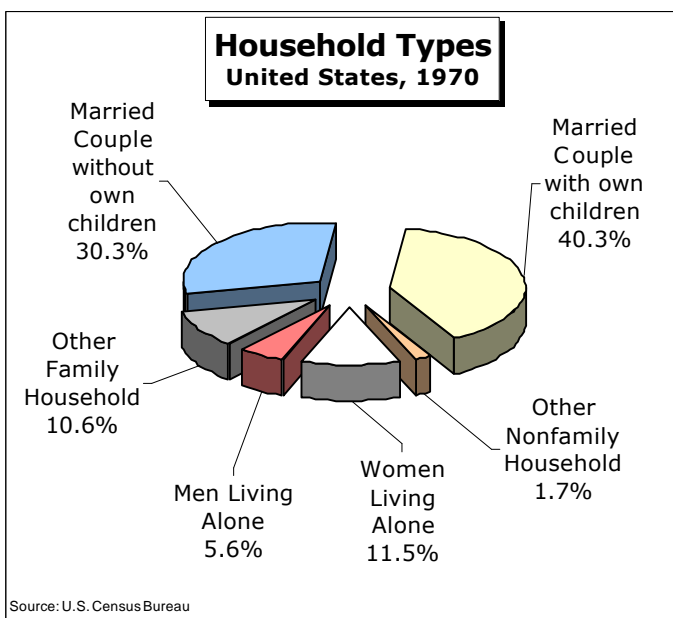
Charles C. Graves III
Director
Baltimore City Planning Department

HOUSEHOLDS AND AGE

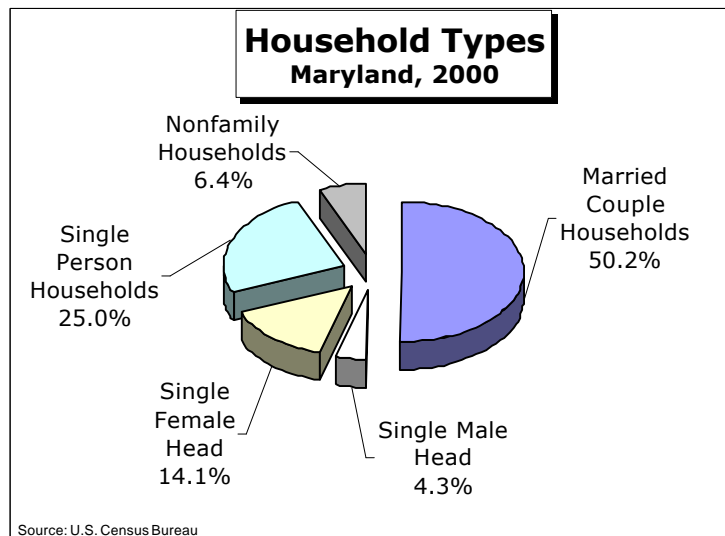
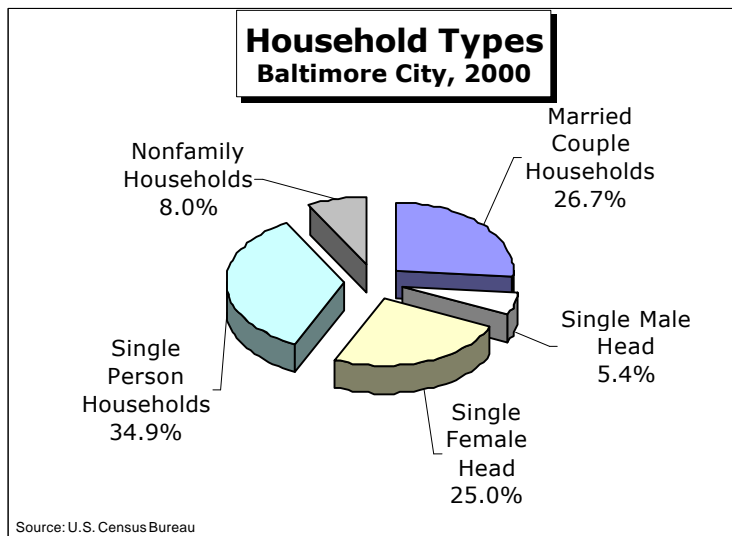
Household Trends

The composition of households in the United States has changed dramatically in the past generation. Demographic trends in marriage, divorce, cohabitation, fertility and mortality all impact household structure. Likewise, societal variables such as the economy, changing norms and values, and the availability of affordable housing all impact the choices individuals make about their physical location, their lifestyle and the composition of their households (U.S. Census Bureau, *Current Population Reports 2000*).

National indicators all demonstrate the movement away from the family household, defined by the Census Bureau as having at least two members related by blood, marriage, or adoption. National household trends are evident in this thirty-year national comparison (below). Baltimore City is representative of this national movement toward the nonfamily household, in which nonrelatives maintain a common housing unit.



The following two charts show household types for Baltimore City and the State of Maryland, both from the 2000 Census. The household types are slightly different from those shown in the national charts to reflect local distinction. In all cases, the percentages are derived from household counts and are not a reflection of the total population counts in any category.



The distribution of household types between Baltimore City and the State of Maryland differs substantially:

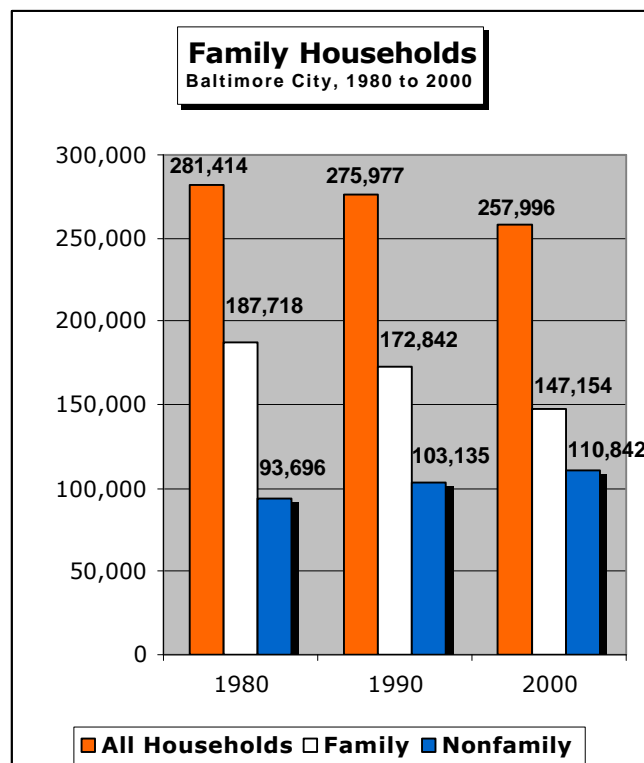
- Baltimore City's married couple households (26.7%) are about half of the statewide average (50.2%)
- Baltimore City has nearly 40% more single person households than does Maryland
- Households headed by single females: Maryland - one in seven; Baltimore City - one in four

Households in Baltimore City

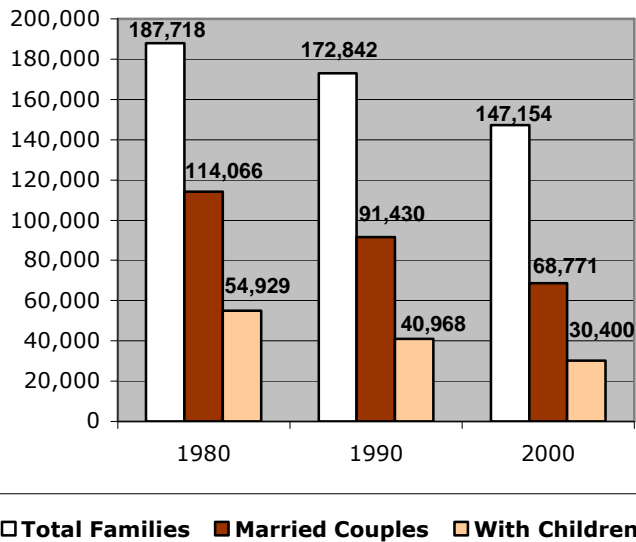
Mirroring national trends, the most significant household trend over the past twenty years has been the shrinking average household size. In 1980, the average household size in Baltimore City was 2.74. That average had fallen to 2.42 persons per household by 2000. The average household size is significant because it is a quantifiable measure of the household trends noted previously.

Since 1980, family households have decreased by 21.6%, from 187,718 to 110,842. This decline has been primarily driven by the more than 27.2% decrease in family households with children. At the same time, the number of nonfamily households has increased by 18.3%. This trend is substantive considering the shrinking number of total households. Baltimore City has 23,418 fewer total households than in 1980, yet 17,146 *more* nonfamily households.

This leads one to surmise that families, especially those with children, have been migrating from Baltimore City while smaller, predominantly nonfamily households are migrating in. This results in smaller average households.



Married Couple Families Baltimore City, 1980 to 2000



The most obvious example of decreasing family households can be observed in the example of married couple families.

In the past twenty years, the number of married couple families has declined at a faster rate than total families (-39.7% vs. -21.6%). The term married couple family includes both adults who lived with their spouse and those who lived apart, including those who are separated. It does not include those who have never married or were widowed or divorced during the time the Census was administered.

Societal factors explain part of this decrease. National data indicates that individuals are postponing marriage. In the United States since 1970, the median age at first marriage for women rose from 20.8 years to 25.1 and for men from 23.2 to 26.8 years. It also seems that increasing numbers of young adults have never been married. The proportion of women aged 20-24 who have never married has doubled in the past thirty years and has more than tripled for women aged 30-34.

Divorce and the practice of cohabitation prior to marriage are more prevalent now than in 1970. All of these societal factors combine to negatively influence the number of married couple families.

Since 1980, single person households have increased from 78,843 or 28% of all households in 1980 to 90,124 or 35% of all households in 2000. Single person households are disproportionately female (51,162 or 56.8%), and tend to be renter occupied (54,322 or 60.3%).

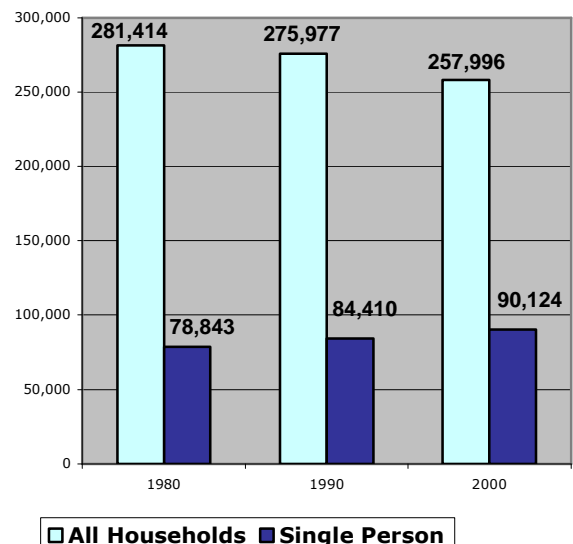
In Baltimore City, single person households are less likely to be headed by someone aged 65 or more than 20 years ago. In 1980, 37.5% of single person households were headed by an individual aged 65 or older. By 2000, only 32.3% of single person households were headed by someone aged 65 or older.

Top Single-Person Cities in U.S.

1. Washington, D.C. - 44%
2. Alexandria, VA - 43%
3. Cincinnati, OH - 43%
4. Cambridge, MA - 41%

BALTIMORE, MD - 35%

Single Person Households Baltimore City, 1980 to 2000

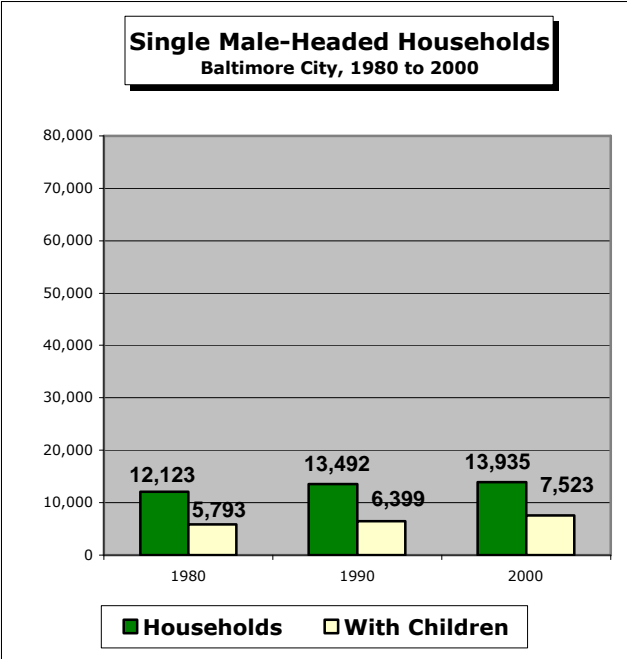
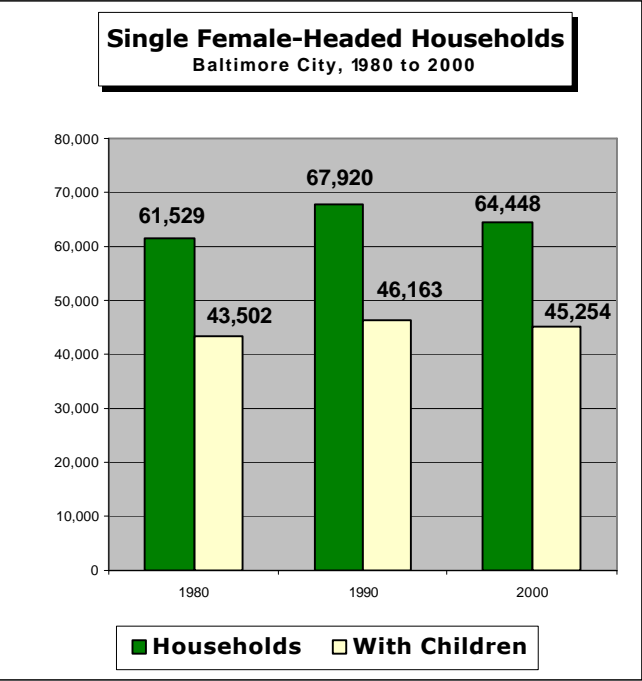


The data for Baltimore City on single male and female-headed households reflects national trends. In 2000, there were about five times more single female-headed households than male-headed. Both demographic categories have increased substantially in the past thirty years, although single male-headed households have increased more rapidly.

The total number of households headed by a single female has decreased by 5.1% in the past 10 years (67,920 to 64,448). The portion of these households with children has fallen slightly (-2.0%) in that same time.

The proportion of single female-headed households to all households has remained relatively static, 24.6% to 25.0% since 1990, because of a disproportionately larger decrease in total households.

Single female-headed households are more likely to have a related child living in the same housing unit than their male counterparts. Seven in ten households headed by a single female have a child present, while five in ten single male-headed households have a child present.



living in the same housing unit. The geographical distribution of male and female-headed households with children for 2000 is shown at the right.

The following table on pages five through ten presents household data for the 265 Neighborhood Statistical Areas (NSA) in Baltimore City.

The total number of single female-headed households is still about five times larger than that of single male-headed households.

However, the total number of households headed by a single male has increased by 15.0% since 1980, from 12,123 to 13,935. Single male-headed households with related children have grown twice as fast in that same time (30%).

In 2000, more than half of single male-headed families had a related child living in the same housing unit (54.0%). Twenty years ago, 47.8% of single male-headed households had a related child

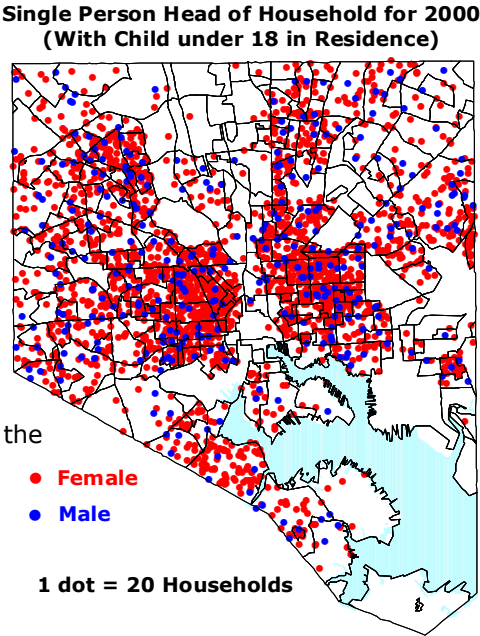


Table One – Household Data by Neighborhood

NEIGHBORHOOD	Total Households	Family Households	% of Total Households Male-Head	% of Total Households Female-Head	% of Total Households With Children	% of Total Households Senior-Head	Average Household Size
Abell	485	179	3.7%	10.7%	6.4%	12.0%	2.05
Allendale	1,611	1,030	7.4%	29.9%	18.2%	48.3%	2.60
Arcadia	545	342	4.0%	18.2%	13.2%	18.3%	2.63
Arlington	1,205	661	4.3%	29.7%	20.0%	34.0%	2.52
Armistead Gardens	1,283	770	6.1%	19.6%	10.4%	32.7%	2.27
Ashburton	1,327	794	5.6%	24.2%	14.2%	45.3%	2.26
Baltimore Highlands	955	544	8.7%	23.1%	15.7%	33.3%	2.43
Barclay	1,087	536	6.7%	32.0%	24.1%	27.5%	2.50
Barre Circle	145	56	7.6%	14.5%	7.6%	6.9%	2.30
Beechfield	1,410	1,008	5.9%	34.1%	27.4%	13.1%	2.67
Belair-Edison	6,023	4,226	6.5%	30.8%	22.5%	19.6%	2.74
Belair-Parkside	112	85	8.9%	30.4%	24.1%	19.6%	3.15
Bellona-Gittings	255	179	1.6%	7.1%	5.5%	34.5%	2.40
Berea	1,697	1,144	6.7%	33.2%	19.9%	45.7%	2.67
Better Waverly	980	605	6.4%	36.3%	28.5%	17.9%	2.63
Beverly Hills	269	183	1.1%	19.7%	11.9%	19.0%	2.85
Biddle Street	493	369	7.9%	41.0%	26.4%	33.9%	2.99
Blythewood	11	9	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	45.5%	2.55
Bolton Hill	2,672	566	1.8%	4.7%	2.2%	28.6%	1.98
Booth-Boyd	322	222	9.0%	41.0%	30.1%	23.6%	3.13
Brewers Hill	677	374	5.6%	13.0%	7.5%	31.8%	2.21
Bridgeview/Greenlawn	895	621	4.8%	43.8%	33.0%	31.3%	2.58
Broadway East	2,203	1,564	7.9%	43.2%	31.0%	31.7%	3.10
Brooklyn	3,225	1,885	6.3%	19.1%	13.6%	22.6%	2.49
Brooklyn Homes	420	344	3.6%	71.4%	63.1%	8.1%	2.90
Burleith-Leighton	294	189	6.5%	32.0%	21.1%	38.4%	2.39
Butcher's Hill	541	230	5.7%	18.3%	13.3%	12.4%	2.40
Callaway-Garrison	683	481	5.4%	35.9%	23.0%	33.8%	2.87
Cameron Village	648	434	6.8%	34.9%	24.4%	16.2%	2.46
Canton	5,551	2,258	4.0%	10.4%	4.8%	25.9%	1.96
Canton Industrial Area	2	2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	3.00
Carroll - Camden Industrial Area	85	19	3.5%	3.5%	2.4%	3.5%	1.51
Carroll-South Hilton	572	409	6.1%	35.7%	22.4%	35.8%	2.71
Carrollton Ridge	1,182	812	10.2%	31.9%	25.3%	21.2%	2.98
Cedarcroft	227	170	1.8%	5.7%	1.8%	27.8%	2.59
Cedmont	1,008	655	4.8%	13.8%	7.8%	28.9%	2.56
Cedonia	1,373	911	5.0%	26.1%	18.1%	15.4%	2.61
Central Forest Park	514	328	8.8%	32.9%	21.8%	32.1%	2.90
Central Park Heights	2,463	1,871	7.9%	43.2%	31.1%	23.4%	3.19
Charles North	760	148	1.4%	7.6%	6.2%	37.6%	1.49
Charles Village	3,677	679	2.6%	3.9%	2.3%	8.3%	1.78
Cherry Hill	2,941	2,063	5.2%	49.0%	38.1%	19.7%	2.65
Cheswolde	3,089	1,451	1.5%	5.8%	2.9%	33.8%	2.06
Chinquapin Park-Belvedere	876	561	4.9%	23.4%	14.8%	16.7%	2.41
Christopher	469	309	4.3%	11.1%	8.3%	24.9%	2.57
Claremont-Freedom	695	416	2.7%	45.6%	38.0%	25.6%	2.45

Table One – Household Data by Neighborhood

NEIGHBORHOOD	Total Households	Family Households	% of Total Households Male-Head	% of Total Households Female-Head	% of Total Households With Children	% of Total Households Headed by Senior	Average Household Size
Clifton Park	6	3	0.0%	16.7%	0.0%	50.0%	2.33
Coldspring	495	171	2.2%	9.9%	6.3%	32.1%	1.78
Coldstream Homestead Montebello	2,755	2,144	8.8%	43.5%	31.3%	27.7%	3.17
Concerned Citizens Of Forest Park	471	315	8.7%	35.5%	22.7%	34.8%	2.82
Coppin Heights/Ash-Co-East	1,093	730	7.7%	38.7%	25.9%	34.9%	2.84
Cross Country	1,795	961	1.8%	7.6%	4.0%	48.6%	2.29
Cross Keys	640	165	0.3%	3.3%	0.9%	50.5%	1.34
Curtis Bay	1,564	932	8.2%	19.1%	13.8%	23.3%	2.55
Cylburn	943	681	5.8%	36.7%	27.1%	26.2%	2.74
Darley Park	465	358	10.5%	43.0%	29.7%	39.4%	3.34
Dickeyville	91	42	0.0%	5.5%	4.4%	19.8%	3.29
Dolfield	847	585	6.5%	35.5%	24.2%	30.7%	2.65
Dorchester	669	422	6.1%	29.9%	19.0%	29.9%	2.72
Douglas Homes-The Broadway	384	211	3.6%	41.4%	31.5%	25.0%	2.23
Downtown	2,035	247	1.3%	3.5%	2.0%	26.3%	1.56
Druid Heights	775	404	7.7%	31.9%	21.3%	26.8%	2.45
Druid Hill Park	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Dunbar-Broadway	194	22	0.5%	9.8%	9.3%	0.0%	1.65
Dundalk Marine Terminal	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
East Arlington	823	532	6.3%	31.3%	18.1%	34.3%	2.39
East Baltimore Midway	1,322	940	8.6%	40.7%	26.6%	36.5%	3.13
Easterwood	654	420	8.4%	34.7%	22.9%	35.5%	2.65
Eastwood	253	153	4.3%	10.3%	6.3%	38.7%	2.14
Edmondson Village	2,413	1,823	7.3%	39.2%	24.6%	33.4%	2.94
Ednor Gardens-Lakeside	1,971	1,318	5.5%	25.7%	15.0%	21.7%	2.64
Ellwood Park/Monument	1,367	1,036	6.7%	43.6%	34.6%	16.7%	3.28
Evergreen	285	135	1.8%	8.4%	6.7%	15.1%	1.99
Evergreen Lawn	446	295	8.7%	32.3%	19.7%	44.4%	2.74
Fairfield Industrial Area	31	25	9.7%	12.9%	6.5%	25.8%	3.26
Fairmont	163	97	5.5%	20.2%	11.7%	41.7%	2.36
Fallstaff	1,774	970	4.9%	18.2%	11.7%	29.6%	2.32
Federal Hill/Montgomery	1,217	418	1.2%	4.4%	2.0%	14.2%	1.87
Fells Point	1,695	470	3.7%	6.5%	4.1%	17.7%	1.80
Fifteenth Street	864	528	7.8%	18.1%	10.8%	28.8%	2.52
Forest Park	707	384	7.8%	27.0%	17.3%	30.1%	2.41
Forest Park Golf Course	126	90	4.8%	24.6%	10.3%	50.8%	2.63
Four By Four	504	399	7.9%	41.3%	27.8%	18.5%	3.22
Frankford	7,106	4,030	5.7%	23.9%	18.3%	16.6%	2.36
Franklin Square	1,387	819	6.6%	37.6%	30.2%	21.0%	2.55
Franklinton	560	360	5.2%	39.3%	29.3%	12.7%	2.53
Franklinton Road	724	404	7.2%	30.9%	19.3%	47.0%	2.36
Garwyn Oaks	573	366	7.3%	34.7%	26.7%	19.0%	2.75
Gay Street	820	470	3.5%	44.9%	37.3%	28.5%	2.54
Glen	3,752	2,108	3.7%	16.8%	9.6%	38.6%	2.38
Glen Oaks	1,201	706	5.1%	24.9%	18.9%	13.8%	2.44
Glenham-Belford	2,460	1,495	4.4%	14.6%	9.8%	29.8%	2.48

Table One – Household Data by Neighborhood

NEIGHBORHOOD	Total Households	Family Households	% of Total Households Male-Head	% of Total Households Female-Head	% of Total Households With Children	% of Total Households Headed by Senior	Average Household Size
Graceland Park	701	431	4.6%	16.5%	9.0%	41.1%	2.43
Greektown	384	257	9.6%	16.1%	8.6%	36.7%	2.48
Greenmount West	480	239	6.3%	32.1%	22.5%	16.9%	2.49
Greenspring	1,371	1,015	5.8%	43.3%	34.0%	24.2%	2.95
Grove Park	841	584	5.1%	33.4%	22.1%	25.4%	2.49
Guilford	811	576	2.2%	7.3%	4.4%	24.2%	2.59
Gwynns Falls	439	276	6.4%	20.7%	13.0%	29.8%	2.54
Hampden	3,913	1,735	5.0%	11.1%	6.7%	33.5%	2.07
Hanlon-Longwood	1,046	662	6.1%	31.9%	19.9%	34.1%	2.57
Harford-Echodale/Perring Parkway	3,619	2,144	5.2%	24.5%	18.7%	17.2%	2.34
Harlem Park	1,899	953	6.5%	30.5%	22.1%	29.9%	2.48
Harwood	677	460	6.8%	38.6%	29.7%	21.4%	3.11
Hawkins Point	3	2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	3.67
Heritage Crossing	193	94	5.2%	37.8%	33.7%	13.0%	2.07
Highlandtown	1,150	685	7.7%	19.1%	10.3%	35.5%	2.45
Hillen	1,038	715	5.4%	28.0%	17.9%	20.3%	2.71
Hoes Heights	439	238	4.8%	13.9%	7.7%	28.2%	2.13
Holabird Industrial Park	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Hollander Ridge	2	1	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.50
Hollins Market	852	357	6.0%	21.1%	16.0%	13.4%	2.41
Homeland	1,135	830	2.6%	6.6%	3.6%	23.5%	2.72
Hopkins Bayview	119	39	2.5%	5.0%	2.5%	8.4%	3.85
Howard Park	2,262	1,559	6.8%	28.5%	18.0%	33.1%	2.67
Hunting Ridge	517	320	2.9%	14.9%	9.3%	22.2%	2.26
Idlewood	1,080	714	4.4%	27.9%	20.4%	17.9%	2.51
Inner Harbor	2	2	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%	50.0%	6.00
Irvington	1,613	1,014	4.6%	32.2%	24.9%	18.4%	2.73
Johns Hopkins Homewood	9	8	0.0%	22.2%	11.1%	11.1%	*
Johnston Square	967	596	6.6%	37.7%	26.3%	27.0%	2.82
Jonestown	82	44	4.9%	37.8%	30.5%	12.2%	6.94
Joseph Lee	1,043	556	5.4%	12.4%	6.7%	35.2%	2.09
Kenilworth Park	541	377	5.7%	27.9%	16.5%	34.6%	2.55
Kernewood	211	120	4.7%	21.3%	14.7%	18.5%	2.48
Keswick	313	167	1.6%	5.1%	2.9%	27.8%	1.99
Kresson	136	96	11.0%	25.0%	16.9%	22.1%	2.92
Lake Evesham	227	114	4.0%	8.4%	4.4%	19.8%	2.13
Lake Walker	1,156	446	3.1%	10.7%	6.2%	21.7%	1.80
Lakeland	1,534	1,095	6.5%	27.9%	21.4%	17.4%	2.79
Langston Hughes	380	289	7.9%	42.9%	26.8%	21.3%	3.07
Latrobe Homes	682	418	3.4%	53.8%	41.6%	15.0%	2.37
Lauraville	1,627	1,004	4.0%	17.7%	11.1%	23.2%	2.69
Levindale	495	209	3.4%	15.8%	9.5%	47.3%	2.50
Liberty Square	316	167	9.5%	29.1%	20.9%	23.4%	2.41
Little Italy	507	181	3.6%	7.1%	2.2%	28.6%	1.74
Loch Raven	2,813	1,403	5.0%	21.0%	13.9%	27.4%	2.18
Locust Point	1,010	563	5.0%	13.7%	6.8%	31.1%	2.19

* Group quarters population (Dormitory) not counted in average household size.

Table One – Household Data by Neighborhood

NEIGHBORHOOD	Total Households	Family Households	% of Total Households Male-Head	% of Total Households Female-Head	% of Total Households With Children	% of Total Households Headed by Senior	Average Household Size
Loyola/Notre Dame	496	93	1.0%	5.2%	3.6%	34.1%	8.21
Lucille Park	98	75	4.1%	48.0%	35.7%	21.4%	3.11
Madison Park	1,088	431	4.3%	26.2%	20.5%	16.0%	1.97
Madison-Eastend	745	581	6.3%	47.4%	34.0%	19.1%	3.30
Mayfield-Montebello	387	223	1.6%	9.3%	5.2%	20.2%	3.71
McCulloh Homes	912	354	3.3%	30.6%	22.9%	37.5%	1.99
McElderry Park	1,039	794	9.7%	47.7%	38.6%	16.1%	3.35
Medfield	1,335	711	3.3%	14.9%	8.9%	22.5%	2.07
Medford/Broening Manor	1,194	673	7.1%	18.7%	11.4%	28.1%	2.28
Middle East	1,623	1,152	4.2%	28.2%	33.3%	22.8%	2.74
Mid-Govans	866	605	1.8%	3.8%	19.3%	20.0%	1.44
Mid-Town Belvedere	2,225	297	8.7%	45.1%	1.8%	13.8%	3.03
Midtown-Edmondson	799	543	7.0%	41.8%	27.8%	35.5%	2.91
MillHill	714	413	8.0%	21.7%	16.2%	32.6%	2.62
Milton-Montford	479	375	11.1%	46.3%	33.8%	21.3%	3.23
Mondawmin	1,315	793	5.5%	34.7%	22.4%	38.5%	2.70
Moravia-Walther	414	278	3.9%	17.1%	10.4%	22.0%	2.60
Morgan Park	114	78	6.1%	14.0%	9.6%	39.5%	2.44
Morgan State University	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Morrell Park	1,926	1,190	7.4%	15.5%	10.0%	29.3%	2.45
Mosher	668	507	9.7%	42.4%	29.9%	31.3%	3.01
Mount Clare	822	556	9.1%	31.4%	24.1%	24.2%	2.91
Mount Holly	617	402	6.8%	36.1%	26.3%	20.3%	2.69
Mount Vernon	2,044	323	2.7%	5.1%	3.3%	6.2%	1.56
Mount Washington	1,548	1,002	1.4%	8.1%	5.6%	23.6%	2.35
Mount Winans	343	268	6.1%	45.5%	33.2%	20.7%	3.00
New Northwood	1,953	1,215	4.9%	29.4%	18.7%	20.7%	3.51
North Harford Road	2,313	1,370	5.0%	11.5%	6.3%	28.5%	2.28
North Roland Park/Poplar Hill	587	310	1.4%	4.4%	2.2%	33.7%	2.14
Northwest Community Action	704	503	9.2%	39.9%	25.3%	36.9%	2.97
Oakenshawe	1,517	287	2.7%	62.7%	1.8%	11.2%	2.95
Oaklee	406	150	1.8%	3.6%	7.9%	18.0%	1.62
O'Donnell Heights	751	566	2.7%	12.6%	56.6%	12.4%	1.85
Oldtown	478	236	4.0%	29.9%	20.3%	8.6%	2.20
Oliver	1,950	1,207	7.4%	40.6%	29.3%	30.7%	2.81
Orangeville	84	45	3.6%	9.5%	4.8%	33.3%	3.36
Original Northwood	501	271	5.0%	15.4%	9.0%	18.8%	2.48
Otterbein	1,097	303	1.4%	2.0%	0.8%	47.4%	1.79
Overlea	138	79	4.3%	8.7%	6.5%	28.3%	2.48
Panway/Braddish Avenue	540	339	5.6%	30.2%	17.8%	44.4%	2.30
Park Circle	1,444	800	5.7%	34.1%	22.9%	33.0%	2.65
Parklane	756	534	7.1%	36.1%	26.1%	26.3%	2.82
Parkside	1,073	645	5.7%	29.9%	21.7%	12.1%	2.38
Parkview/Wallbrook	899	530	8.1%	33.3%	22.8%	26.5%	2.60
Patterson Park	2,067	1,363	8.1%	30.7%	23.2%	21.9%	2.88
Patterson Place	440	280	10.0%	34.8%	26.4%	16.1%	2.79

Table One – Household Data by Neighborhood

NEIGHBORHOOD	Total Households	Family Households	% of Total Households	% of Total Households	% of Total Households	% of Total Households	Average Household Size
			Male-Head	Female-Head	With Children	Headed by Senior	
Pen Lucy	1,312	730	6.5%	30.6%	23.0%	22.2%	2.49
Penn North	850	502	6.7%	35.4%	25.2%	28.5%	2.76
Penn-Fallsway	1	1	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	*
Penrose	1,171	828	7.6%	40.1%	26.8%	35.9%	2.86
Perkins Homes	630	364	4.3%	47.9%	41.3%	11.7%	2.38
Perring Loch	1,092	845	4.2%	28.1%	17.1%	25.6%	2.86
Pimlico Good Neighbors	486	283	6.8%	25.3%	13.0%	37.0%	2.41
Pleasant View Gardens	392	236	5.4%	44.1%	34.7%	38.0%	2.49
Poppleton	1,139	607	5.1%	37.2%	29.0%	23.3%	2.52
Pulaski Industrial Area	101	63	5.0%	17.8%	8.9%	40.6%	2.45
Purnell	266	190	7.5%	47.0%	38.7%	7.1%	2.62
Radnor-Winston	259	141	4.6%	12.7%	8.9%	27.4%	2.33
Ramblewood	764	546	6.5%	26.2%	17.8%	18.8%	2.64
Reisterstown Station	751	405	6.5%	22.2%	13.0%	21.8%	2.60
Remington	973	539	6.9%	22.3%	15.5%	21.5%	2.37
Reservoir Hill	3,070	1,458	5.5%	27.7%	20.6%	18.7%	2.25
Richnor Springs	262	177	5.3%	33.6%	19.8%	40.8%	2.52
Ridgely's Delight	421	121	3.3%	12.8%	9.7%	5.9%	2.20
Riverside	2,728	1,264	3.4%	8.4%	3.8%	20.4%	2.04
Rognel Heights	782	581	6.1%	32.2%	19.9%	38.5%	2.75
Roland Park	1,532	835	1.4%	5.9%	3.0%	20.6%	2.33
Rosebank	237	89	3.8%	13.1%	8.0%	13.1%	1.86
Rosemont	1,116	786	8.4%	39.9%	27.2%	33.0%	2.80
Rosemont Avenue	161	105	8.1%	14.9%	9.9%	32.3%	2.63
Rosemont Homeowners/Tenants	591	424	5.9%	36.9%	24.7%	39.1%	2.95
Sabina-Mattfeldt	92	55	2.2%	13.0%	6.5%	25.0%	2.10
Saint Agnes	246	90	6.1%	10.2%	5.3%	57.7%	2.56
Saint Helena	214	137	5.6%	14.0%	7.9%	30.4%	2.52
Saint Josephs	802	595	6.7%	35.7%	22.6%	38.9%	2.83
Saint Paul	52	41	3.8%	44.2%	36.5%	23.1%	3.23
Sandtown-Winchester	3,268	2,075	7.2%	43.0%	33.4%	22.8%	2.83
SBIC	1,565	837	6.6%	14.1%	9.0%	21.5%	2.50
Seton Hill	761	309	4.2%	29.0%	24.4%	6.8%	2.82
Sharp-Leadenhall	511	250	4.3%	26.2%	21.1%	17.4%	2.30
Shipley Hill	808	590	6.6%	44.6%	31.9%	30.9%	3.04
Somerset Homes-Monument East	418	180	2.6%	35.6%	28.2%	35.2%	2.09
South Clifton Park	378	289	10.6%	42.3%	29.6%	31.7%	3.22
Stonewood-Pentwood-Winston	316	239	4.4%	31.6%	18.7%	29.4%	2.69
Taylor Heights	62	40	4.8%	17.7%	11.3%	32.3%	2.53
Ten Hills	685	371	3.8%	15.9%	10.5%	14.0%	2.33
The Orchards	188	140	2.7%	5.3%	2.1%	34.0%	2.45
The Terraces	151	99	5.3%	51.0%	44.4%	33.1%	2.53
Towanda-Grantley	552	407	8.9%	40.2%	28.6%	26.1%	2.94
Tremont	393	263	6.1%	35.6%	27.7%	14.0%	2.53
Tuscany-Canterbury	2,364	594	0.6%	2.6%	0.6%	26.3%	1.46
Union Square	540	257	6.3%	21.3%	15.6%	10.9%	2.45

* Group quarters population (jail) not counted in average household size.

Table One – Household Data by Neighborhood

NEIGHBORHOOD	Total Households	Family Households	% of Total	% of Total	% of Total	% of Total	Average Household Size
			Households Male-Head	Households Female-Head	Households With Children	Households Headed by Senior	
University Of Maryland	204	16	0.0%	2.0%	0.5%	0.0%	2.14
Uplands	1,139	630	3.4%	36.7%	27.7%	21.1%	2.22
Upper Fells Point	2,242	922	7.4%	11.6%	6.5%	20.3%	2.16
Upton	1,751	1,004	6.4%	38.4%	29.5%	27.0%	2.58
Villages Of Homeland	174	33	1.1%	4.0%	2.3%	21.3%	1.44
Violetville	1,098	620	5.5%	11.2%	6.6%	42.1%	2.44
Wakefield	970	463	4.0%	28.4%	24.0%	26.5%	2.00
Walbrook	1,097	633	5.1%	30.5%	18.0%	37.3%	2.56
Waltherson	2,238	1,449	4.7%	17.1%	11.7%	23.9%	2.64
Washington Hill	1,041	504	5.2%	25.7%	19.6%	23.1%	2.31
Washington Village	2,038	1,232	8.6%	27.3%	20.4%	23.0%	2.65
Waverly	1,089	741	6.0%	35.2%	24.6%	18.0%	2.92
West Arlington	836	554	7.9%	31.8%	21.4%	28.8%	2.68
West Forest Park	1,026	699	6.2%	37.0%	28.2%	25.8%	2.47
West Hills	905	540	5.1%	21.9%	14.8%	22.1%	2.38
West Pratt	472	247	9.1%	27.5%	22.5%	28.6%	2.70
Western	183	117	9.3%	34.4%	23.0%	31.7%	3.15
Westfield	1,085	641	4.7%	13.0%	7.1%	29.4%	2.51
Westgate	1,145	713	5.3%	23.6%	17.1%	13.6%	2.51
Westport	360	269	6.4%	38.6%	23.6%	26.9%	2.86
Westport Homes	364	301	3.3%	69.0%	61.3%	10.4%	3.17
Wilson Heights	371	226	4.3%	21.0%	12.1%	23.7%	2.43
Wilson Park	463	339	5.6%	36.9%	26.1%	34.6%	2.93
Winchester	740	527	6.1%	40.8%	27.2%	37.3%	2.81
Windsor Hills	712	490	5.9%	28.4%	17.7%	33.1%	2.60
Winston-Govans	498	348	8.0%	34.3%	24.7%	25.1%	2.92
Woodberry	445	242	5.4%	14.6%	10.1%	21.3%	2.52
Woodbourne Heights	798	468	7.1%	26.2%	18.8%	16.5%	2.26
Woodbourne-McCabe	324	234	6.8%	40.7%	30.2%	23.8%	3.32
Woodmere	836	624	7.2%	36.5%	23.4%	28.8%	2.76
Woodring	1,047	678	3.6%	12.8%	6.4%	32.0%	2.38
Wyman Park	852	323	2.7%	6.0%	3.3%	20.2%	1.84
Wyndhurst	364	176	0.8%	7.7%	5.2%	15.7%	2.20
Yale Heights	1,115	792	6.5%	37.4%	27.6%	10.8%	2.59
Total for Baltimore City	257,996	147,154	5.4%	25.0%	17.4%	25.5%	2.42

The data for percent of total households with children, percent of households headed by senior and average household size for "Total for Baltimore City" are averages of citywide totals. Stated another way, the number of households in which a child under eighteen related to the householder (includes stepchildren and adopted children) is approximately one of every six. The number of households headed by someone aged 65 and older is slightly more than one in four.

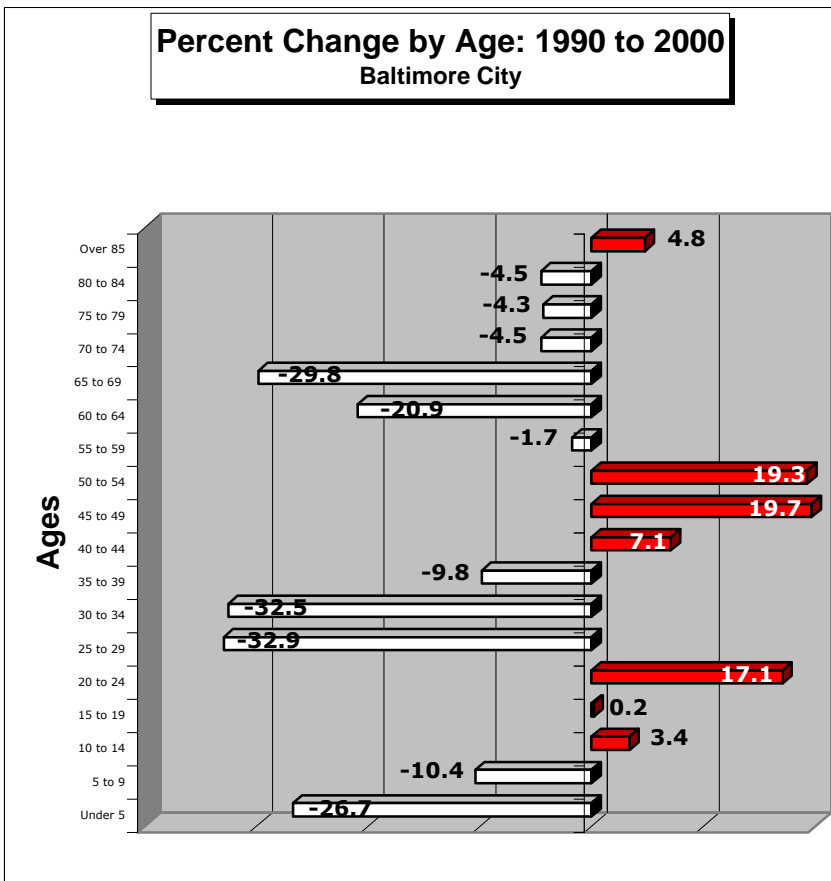
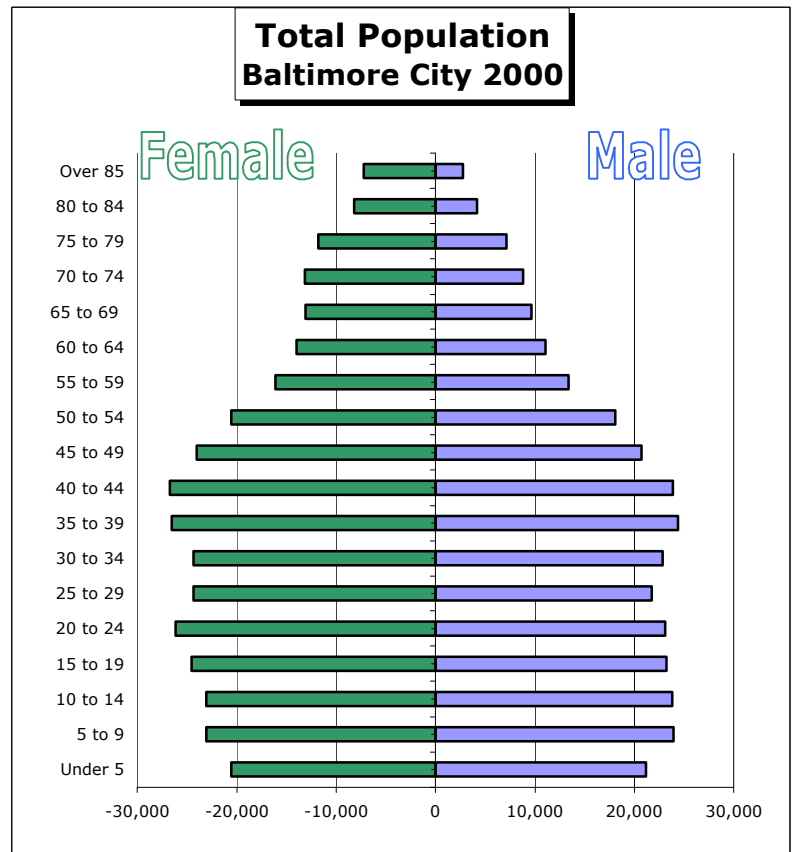
Age in Baltimore City

The pyramid at right displays the population total by age and sex for Baltimore City as of April 1, 2000. Groupings have been made in five-year increments for the sake of uniformity. Theoretically, fewer people are counted at progressively higher ages, thus creating a classic "pyramid" design.

The age-sex pyramid for Baltimore City reveals several trends. The dominance of the 'baby boomer' generation is clear. The bulge around the age categories 40-59 represents those born from 1940 to 1960. This demographic group has had a profound impact on the national identity and will present further public policy debate as it ages toward retirement.

The second trend evident is the prevalence of females. Baltimore City is about 53.5% female. This is particularly true at older age categories. For the population over 65, females outnumber males by more than 3 to 2.

The number of younger people, ages 0-19, is decreasing.



Another way to look at the changing age composition of Baltimore City is presented at left. The bars represent a change in percent for each age group (five year increments) from 1990 to 2000. The population of Baltimore City declined by 11.5% during this period.

Improvements in health care have lengthened lives in Baltimore City. This is particularly true in the oldest age categories. Those in the category aged over 85 have increased by 4.8% since 1990.

Baby-boomers are again easily identified. The age categories 45-49 (19.7%) and 50-54 (19.3%) are larger than they were in 1990.

The groups aged 25-29 and 30-34 help illustrate and explain the "family-age migration" pattern from Baltimore City. It also appears that they have been replaced to some extent by those aged 20-24, an increase of 17.1% over 1990.

Age Cohort Retention in Baltimore City, 1990 to 2000					
	1990	2000	Age Group % change	Cohort % change	CRR*
Under 5	56,879	41,694	-26.7%	-----	-----
5 to 9	52,440	46,968	-10.4%	-----	-----
10 to 14	45,277	46,835	3.4%	-17.7%	82
15 to 19	47,626	47,710	0.2%	-9.0%	91
20 to 24	59,485	49,287	-17.1%	8.9%	109
25 to 29	68,731	46,097	-32.9%	-3.2%	97
30 to 34	69,833	47,151	-32.5%	-20.7%	79
35 to 39	56,458	50,930	-9.8%	-25.9%	74
40 to 44	47,257	50,614	7.1%	-27.5%	72
45 to 49	37,412	44,762	19.6%	-20.7%	79
50 to 54	32,408	38,646	19.2%	-18.2%	82
55 to 59	29,993	29,499	-1.6%	-21.2%	79
60 to 64	31,640	25,040	-20.9%	-22.7%	77
65 to 69	32,372	22,738	-29.8%	-24.2%	76
70 to 74	26,012	21,978	-15.5%	-30.5%	69
75 to 79	19,793	18,934	-4.3%	-41.5%	58
80 to 84	12,894	12,315	-4.5%	-52.7%	47
Over 85	9,504	9,956	4.8%	-49.7%	50

* CRR is the Cohort Retention Ratio. If the exact same number of people (not necessarily the same people) from one Census to the following, then the ratio is 100. It assists in migration analysis and in projecting population.

have 50,000 in 2000 and the Cohort Retention Ratio (CRR) would be 100. This ratio is calculated by measuring the population of a cohort in 1990 against the same cohort (which would now be ten years older) in 2000. This proportion is then set as a percentage. A ratio greater than 100 would indicate that more people of the same age exist in 2000 than in 1990, while a ratio less than 100 means that less people of the same age are present 10 years later. Given that mortality rate increases as age increases, a declining Cohort Retention Ratio is normal.

When will additional Census 2000 information be available?

Future issues of *Census News 2000* will contain data on:

- Income, Education Attainment, and Housing

Where else can Census data be found?

U.S. Census Bureau

www.census.gov

Maryland State Data Center

www.mdp.state.md.us/msdc

Baltimore City Department of Planning

www.baltimorecity.gov/planning/census/index.html

Baltimore Neighborhood Indicators Alliance

www.bnai.org

Baltimore Metropolitan Council

www.baltometro.org

BALTIMORE CITY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING

Analysis of cohort retention over time assists in projecting population. This is particularly important in planning for future market trends and shaping public policy decision-making under limited resources.

The terms age group and age cohort are different. An age group, which has been measured previously, refers to those fixed in age (eg. 15-19; 65 and older). An age cohort refers to those fixed in membership (eg. Born in 1960; 20 years old in 1970 and 30 years old in 1980). In simpler terms, an age cohort is your high school class now and in ten years (you are still a member), an age group is your graduating class and the graduating class ten years after you graduated (you are no longer a member).

Assuming no deaths or migration, a cohort which had 50,000 members in 1990 will

Credits

Charles C. Graves, III, Director

Gloria A. Griffin, Manager

Paul Barrett, Planner

Peter Conrad, Planner

Planning Commission

Peter E. Auchincloss, Citizen Representative, Chair

Ruth M. Louie, Mayor's Representative

Rochelle "Rikki" Spector, City Council Representative

George L. Winfield, Director, Department of Public Works

Javier G. Bustamante, Citizen Representative

Douglas McCoach, AIA, Citizen Representative

Joseph L. Smith, Citizen Representative

If you have questions about this issue of *Census News 2000*, please contact:

Gloria Griffin at 410.396.4556

gloria.griffin@baltimorecity.gov

Or

Paul Barrett at 410.396.5903

paul.barrett@baltimorecity.gov